Phillip allocator

120
July 2021

MONTHLY INVESTMENT ALLOCATOR



MARKET OUTLOOK

The ASEAN bourses recorded mixed returns in June with FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI Index (FBMKLCI), Singapore's Straits Times Index (STI) and Thailand's Stock Exchange Index (SET) fell by 3.22%, 1.07% and 0.36% MoM respectively. Meanwhile, Philippine's Stock Exchange Index (PCOMP) and Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) rose by 4.12% and 0.64% MoM respectively.

Last month, China's official manufacturing Purchasing Manager's Index (PMI) eased at 50.9, dipped to a four-month low from 51.0 in May with new export orders contracted for the second month. Higher raw material costs continuing to exert pressure on supply chains, in which authorities have conducted investigations into coal, iron ore and fertilizer markets to curb surging raw material costs. China's official non-manufacturing activities also fell to 53.5 in June, from 55.2 the previous month attributed to low business activities in transportation, hotels and catering segments. Nonetheless, both indicators still above the 50-mark, which indicates expansion activities albeit at a slower pace.

US rapid hiring last month saw payrolls increasing by the most in ten months with 850,000 jobs created in June (May: 583,000), led by leisure and hospitality as companies rushed to add more workers to keep pace with the economy's reopening. The better-than-expected job data has boosted consumer confidence in June, jumped to the highest level since February 2020 accompanied by higher house prices, in which the national house index shot up a record 15.7% in April. Amid the continuation of supply and labour shortages, the country's import prices index rose 1.1% YoY in May while the export prices jumped 17.4% YoY, the largest in the series history, dating back to 1983.

Japan's industrial output marked the biggest monthly drop in May, down by 5.9% due to lacklustre production in machinery and cars. The semiconductor chips shortage issues have resulted in motor vehicles production dropping by 19.4% MoM in the same month. On the other hand, the country's retail sales rose for a third straight month in May, up by 8.2% YoY but its monthly gain edged down 0.4% while the unemployment rate worsened to 3.0%, hitting a five-month high as the government extended its state of emergency and facing low in vaccination coverage.

On the back of China's tight credit control and subdued recovery in consumer spending, the corporate bond defaults have been rising to a record of RMB116 billion in the first half of the year. In addition, volatility persisted in the country's tech space amid heightened probe on the technology industry (i.e. Didi, Yunmanman, Houchebang) over data violation. For this month, we have reduced our allocation in China while also removed ASEAN Equity and incorporated ICD Global Sustainable in both our conventional and Shariah portfolios.

EQUITY

FBMKLCI fell by 3.22% MoM in June 2021 to close at 1,532.63 points. Looking at the trading participants for the month, local institutions and foreign investors were both net buyers, buying MYR52.1 million and MYR1.17 billion worth of shares respectively. Local retailers on the other hand were the only net sellers, selling MYR1.69 billion worth of shares. For year-to-date (YTD), local institutions and foreign investors were the net buyers, buying MYR3.56 billion and MYR4.2 billion worth of shares respectively while the local retailers were net sellers, selling MYR8.29 billion.

Overall, most sectors in Malaysia recorded negative returns in June except for finance and transport sectors which went up by 0.59% and 5.66% MoM respectively. Others namely healthcare, plantation, property, consumer, utilities, telecom, industrial product, construction, and technology sectors fell by 10.56%, 6.99%, 3.54%, 3.34%, 2.88%, 2.78%, 2.68%, 2.39%, 1.25%, and 0.68% MoM respectively as authorities continued to impose stricter mobility restrictions to counter rapid spike in Covid-19 cases. Within the transport index, MMC Corp jumped 54.7% MoM amid an offer made to take MMC Corp private via a selective capital reduction and repayment (SCR) exercise.

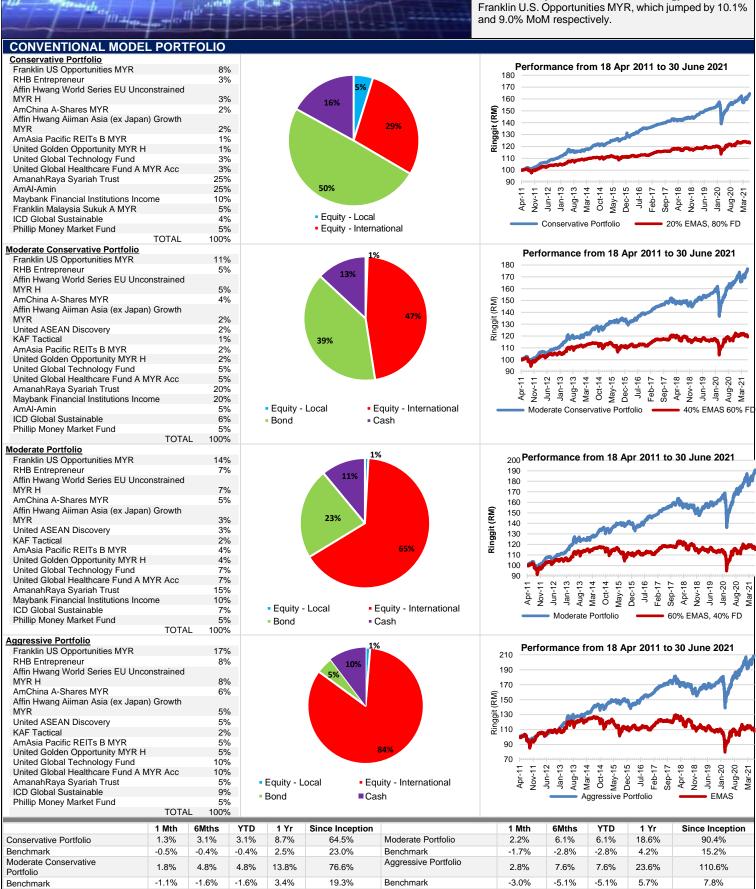
BOND

In June, the yield for the Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) for the 3-year, 5-year, and 7-year fell by 4bps, 5bps, and 2bps to close at 2.27%, 2.54%, and 3.00% respectively. While 10-year rose by 5bps to close at 3.28%.

COMMODITIES

Crude palm oil fell by 6.01% MoM to close at MYR3,782/MT in June, compared to MYR4,024/MT in May. Meanwhile, a strong demand rebound has sent Nymex (WTI) crude oil price rose by 10.78% MoM in June, closing at USD73.47/barrel from USD66.32/barrel in May, in which tensions are escalating between OPEC+ members amid raising output to mitigate supply imbalances that could fuel concerns over inflation. Gold price fell by 6.88% MoM to close at USD1,771.60/Oz in June, compared to USD1,902.50/Oz in May.





Commentary

All our model portfolios have outperformed the benchmark in June. Overall, most funds recorded positive returns, led by United Global Technology MYR H and

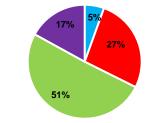
Source: Lipper

Commentary

Similarly, all the Shariah model portfolios have outperformed the benchmark in June. The best performing funds of the month were RHB Islamic Global Developed Markets MYR and Manulife Shariah Global REIT MYR, which soared by 4.5% and 3.5% MoM respectively

SHARIAH MODEL **PORTFOLIO** Conservative Portfolio RHB Islamic Global Developed Markets MYR

9% Aberdeen Standard Islamic World Equity A MYR 8% Eastspring Investments Dinasti Equity 2% Affin Hwang Aiiman Asia (ex Japan) Growth 2% AmASEAN Equity 2% Manulife Shariah Global REIT MYR 1% Affin Hwang Ailman Balanced 2% AmanahRaya Syariah Trust 24% AmAl-Amin 24% Maybank Financial Institutions Income 11% Franklin Malaysia Sukuk A MYR 5% ICD Global Sustainable 5% Phillip Master Islamic Cash Fund 5% TOTAL 100%





Equity - Local Bond

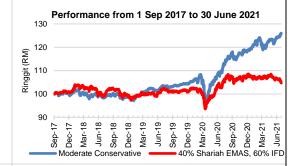
 Equity - International Cash



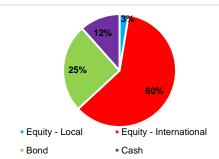
Conservative

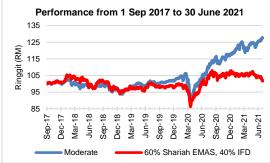






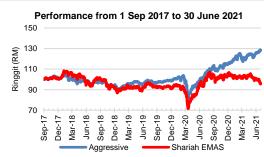












	1 Mth	6Mths	YTD	1 Yr	Since Inception		1 Mth	6Mths	YTD	1 Yr	Since Inception
Conservative Portfolio	1.0%	2.5%	2.5%	8.2%	20.9%	Moderate Portfolio	1.8%	6.4%	6.4%	20.4%	27.5%
Benchmark	-0.8%	-0.8%	-0.8%	1.5%	7.8%	Benchmark	-2.6%	-4.0%	-4.0%	1.3%	1.6%
Moderate Conservative Portfolio	1.4%	4.7%	4.7%	14.9%	25.8%	Aggressive Portfolio	2.2%	8.6%	8.6%	26.8%	28.3%
Benchmark	-1.7%	-2.4%	-2.4%	1.4%	4.7%	Benchmark	-4.7%	-7.5%	-7.5%	1.2%	-4.5%

Source: Lipper

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